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## Предисловие

Основная цель данной тетради — оказать помощь учащимся 11 класса в освоении грамматики английского языка, в развитии и автоматизации навыков и умений правильно употреблять грамматические формы в речи. Здесь представлен материал, который соответствует учебной программе.

Пособие может служить дополнением к учебнику для 11 класса и использоваться как на уроках и факультативах, так и для самостоятельной работы дома. В конце тетради даны ключи к упражнениям.

Каждый раздел содержит тренировочные упражнения по грамматике с образцом выполнения.

Приступая к работе, необходимо внимательно ознакомиться с условием задания и примером записи.

Упражнения, приведенные в тетради, помогут учащимся потренироваться и закрепить полученные на уроках навыки.

Успехов в изучении английского языка!

# UNIT 1. Family —

### **Lesson 1. Word formation**

1.	Соедини пары.		
1.	boyhood —	а) отцовство	
2.	adulthood	→ b) отрочество	
3.	brotherhood	с) девичество	
4.	parenthood	d) зрелость, совершеннолетие,	
5.	fatherhood	взврослость	
6.	studenthood	е) материнство	
7.	girlhood	f) студенчество	
8.	motherhood	g) отцовство	
		h) братство	
2.	Переведи.		
1.	. Alex told me about his boyhood in Paris.		
2.	Young people face reto adulthood.	nany difficulties during their transition	
3.	I probably remembe	it from babyhood.	
4.	The tradition of brot University.	herhood is an important tradition of Yale	
5.	Margo spent much o abroad.	f her girlhood with her immediate family	

6.	I think my problem stems ( $ucxo\partial um$ ) from childhood.
3.	Переведи.
1.	Иногда для детей трудно перейти из детства к взрослости.
2.	Мы увидели много фотографий нашего друга с его младенчества.
4.	Вставь одно из пропущенных слов.
	babyhood, brotherhood, fatherhood, adulthood, childhood, neighbourhood, studenthood, girlhood, boyhood
1.	Steve remembers his as an idyllic period
2.	of his life. On reaching children returned to England
	to find work.
3.	My was spent moving from one town
	to another as my father was a military man.
4.	Alice remembered fairy-tales which she had listened since
5.	Stereotypes about the role of women affected my sister from early
6.	Motherhood,, childhood are protected
7	by law.
7.	During his he was a member of different
0	students societies.
	Max has been part of the of suvorovites.
9.	Last night there was a big fire in the

<b>Переведи.</b> Он провел свое детство в Бразилии.
Если ты желаешь вступить в наше братство, ты должен следовать нашим правилам.
Идея отцовства пугала моего брата.
Вы знаете, кто живет по соседству с Вами?
Исправь ошибки. How long it takes you to get to school?
Could you ask Helen to phone me if you will see her tomorrow?
sson 2. Revision of Tenses
Поставь 5 типов вопросов к предложению.
Family gives you a sense of stability and support.
Does family give you a sense of stability?
Does family give you a sense of stability or tradition?  What does family give you?
Family gives you a sense of stability and support, doesn't it?
What gives you a sense of stability and support?

2.	In happy families parents treat their children with respect
	without moralising.
8.	Выбери правильный вариант ответа.
	If you <i>don't agree</i> / will not agree / didn't agree with your parents', thinking, try to make them understand politely.
2.	Teenagers want / wanted / will want to get greater independence and more freedom.
3.	I want a profession that will / is / was satisfy me and will / is / was bring me joy and a good salary.
4.	Usually the grandmother looked / looks / will look after the child when the parents are at work.
9.	Исправь ошибки.
	Every day I help Mom about the house, but last week I was
	very busy with my exams. So I will not help her much.
2.	I am sure that our family solve all problems.
<b>1</b> 0	. Раскрой скобки, употребив глагол в нужной форме.
1.	How you (to describe) your ideal family?
0	How will you describe your ideal family?
2.	The aunt promises her nephew that she (to visit) him in the orphanage as often as she can.

Where you (to spend) your childhood?
Yesterday my father (not to watch TV) because he (to be) very busy.
As soon as Tom (to work) hard at school his parents (to give) him a pet as a present.
Our train (to leave) Minsk at 8 a.m. next Monday and we (to arrive) in Moscow at 10 p.m.
Who (to take care) of your children in future?
Your sibling often any (to have) conflicts with your parents?
His friends always (to $admit$ ) their mistake but his father never (to $do$ ).
When you (to write) to your parents last time?
We (to know) the result of the test in a week.
When my dad (to meet) my mother he (to fall) in love with her at first sight.

<b>11.</b>	Исправь	ошибки.
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- 1. My sibling will fourteen next year.
- 2. What foreign languages do your mother speak?
- 3. The thief went into the house, took the jewellery and then goes away through the window.
- 4. My son return home late yesterday and we punished him.

#### 12. Выбери Present Simple или Present Continuous.

- 1. My parents seldom **are coming** / *come* home early.
- 2. The baby is crying / cries. I think it is hungry.
- 3. Alex and Mary are getting married / get married next week.
- 4. Nick is always arguing / always argues with his siblings.
- 5. Mrs Prokoptik usually **teaches** / **is teaching** Class A, but this year she **teaches** / **is teaching** Class B.
- 6. The next performance starts / is starting at 7 p.m.
- 7. What is she doing / does she do? She is a teacher at our school.
- 8. John is speaking / speaks 3 languages.

# 13. Раскрой скобки, употребив Present Simple или Present Continuous.

- 1. My mother is a vegetarian. She (not to eat) meat.

  My mother is a vegetarian. She doesn't eat meat.
- 2. My parents usually (to work) at the weekend, though they (not to work) at the moment.

- 3. The government is worried because the number of people without job (to increase).
- 4. You (to write) to your parents tonight? Yes, I always (to write) to them on New Year's Day.
- 5. You can't see my sister now. She (to have) a bath.
- 6. How you (to get) to school as a rule? I usually (to go) by bus but tomorrow I (to go) in my mother's car.

#### 14. Выбери Past Simple или Past Continuous.

- 1. It *happened* / was happening while *I was having* / had dinner.
- 2. Margo was wearing / wore a smart dress when I saw her.
- 3. When mother came / was coming in her son was lying / lay in bed.
- 4. My granddad **showed** / **was showing** me his photos and then **went** / **was going** to the kitchen for a drink.
- 5. While my sister was playing / played the piano, I wrote / was writing a message.
- 6. What were you doing / did you do when I rang / was ringing you up yesterday?
- 7. My granny danced / was dancing quite well when she was young.
- 8. This time yesterday I didn't work / wasn't working, I lay / was lying on the beach.

<b>15.</b>	Раскрой	скобки,	употребив	<b>Past</b>	Simple	или	Past
	Continuo	us.					

1. Jack (*not to see*) me as he (*to play*) a new game when I (*to come*) into the room.

Jack didn't see me as he was playing a new game when I came into the room.

- 2. I (not to go) out last night, because it (to rain).
- 3. Susan ( $to\ water$ ) the flowers while her husband ( $to\ watch$ ) TV.
- 4. What you (to do) at this time yesterday?
- 5. When I (to wake) this morning it (to be) late and the sun (to shine) so hot.
- 6. My mother told me about my granny's death and I (to cry).

#### 16. Выбери Future Simple или Future Continuous.

- 1. This time next winter our family *will be skiing / will ski* in Raubichi.
- 2. Can you help me with the text? Sure, I will translate / will be translating it for you a bit later.
- 3. Jane will taken / will be taking her niece to the theatre next weekend.
- 4. My brother will be playing / will play computer games the whole evening tomorrow.
- 5. He will come / will he coming at 7 in the evening you will recognise him when you see him.
- 6. He will be wearing / will wear an unusual purple suit.

17. Рекрой скобки, употребив Future Simple или Future
Continuous.
1. I (to sleep) if you come home after midnight.
I will be sleeping if you come home after midnight.
2. What time your friends (to arrive) tomorrow?
3. If you come to my place today I (to show) you my family album.
4. Don't come to see Regina tomorrow morning. She (to cook) dinner for her family.
5. Your boss (to agree) with our conditions?
18. Исправь ошибки.
1. Why you wear your warm coat today?
2. Mr Pott is crossing the road when the car struck him.
3. At this time next week I will swim in the Black Sea.
19. Раскрой скобки, употребив Future Simple или Future Continuous.
1. I (to finish) reading this book soon; I (to read) it all day tomorrow.
I will finish reading this book soon; I will be reading it all day

2. You have just missed the bus. — Never mind I (to walk).

tomorrow.

3.	I (not to be able) to lend you my camera tomorrow. I (to use) it all day.
4.	Your parents (to work) the whole evening tomorrow?
5.	My granny probably (to be) in hospital for at least 10 days.
6.	If my brother learns another language, he (to get) a better job.
	. Исправь ошибки. Could you turn off the TV, please? Nobody watches it.
2.	At 6 o'clock yesterday John visited his dentist.
3.	I am afraid it will raining all day tomorrow.
4.	My granny looked out of the window. It is raining.
5.	When the train comes my parents will wait for me at the station.
6.	Everyone were talking when the chief entered.
7.	Do you think you are working here in 3 years?